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Colonoscopy Afternoon Procedure Information and Instructions

On the day of the test:

- Arrive early and check-in at the hospital reception.
- Please wear loose comfortable clothing (pyjamas are ok) and leave valuables at home.
- Please take your regular medications with a sip of water. Do not take diabetic medication.
- You will then be admitted to the paediatric ward prior to the test.
- After the test you will return to the paediatric ward for recovery.
- You will be able to be discharged home once you are alert and able to tolerate oral intake satisfactorily.
- You will be able to discuss the procedure with your doctor before you are discharged.

PLEASE BRING:

- Medicare card
- Private Health Fund details (if applicable)
- Current medications

PLEASE DO NOT BRING ANY VALUABLES



This information has been prepared to assist you in understanding what to expect when you attend for your colonoscopy.

What is a colonoscopy?

A colonoscopy is a procedure to examine the inside of your colon (large intestine) with a flexible telescope. This is performed to investigate symptoms, such as pain, diarrhoea, bleeding or change in bowel habit. It is the best test to identify numerous conditions. During the test, biopsies are taken. Biopsies are small samples of tissue. An anatomical pathologist then examines the samples for any abnormalities.

How do I prepare for a colonoscopy?

It is important that the following instructions are closely followed, so that the colon is clean at the time of the procedure. PicoPrep/PicoSalax (or equivalent) may not be suitable for patients with heart disease, kidney disease, diabetes, or patients on diuretics. Please read the instructions on the packet and confirm with your doctor if you are in doubt.

PicoPrep/Picosalax can be purchased over the counter at most pharmacies.

Ensure that you purchase 2-3 sachets.

Seven days before the colonoscopy

Stop any fibre supplements (e.g. Metamucil, Fibogel), iron supplements (e.g. Fefol) or antiinflammatory medications (e.g. Nurofen, Aspirin, Indocid, Voltaren). Patients on blood thinners (e.g. Aspirin, Warfarin, Plavix) should consult with the doctor performing the test seven days in advance. Continue all other medications.

Two days before the colonoscopy

Follow a low residue, low fat diet.

Foods to avoid:

- Anything containing fibre, skins, seeds or nuts. e.g. cereals, wholemeal and multigrain breads, muesli
- All vegetables except well cooked and peeled potato and pumpkin
- All fruits and salads except strained pulp-free juices
- Fatty foods. e.g. anything fried
- Cheese

Suitable foods include:

- Steamed white fish or boiled chicken
- Egg
- Cottage cheese, plain low-fat yogurt, low-fat milk
- White bread, white rice, white pasta
- Clear jelly (avoid dark colours)
- Corn flakes, rice bubbles
- Plain biscuits and plain cake



The day before the colonoscopy

Try to drink 2 to 3 litres of clear liquids over the day. No solid food at all (except barley sugar) after 4pm until fasting time (ie. no dinner or breakfast). Clear fluids only after 4pm which include:

- Water
- Strained pulp-free fruit juices (except orange)
- Clear soft drinks, cordials, icy poles, mineral water or sports drinks (avoid dark colours e.g. red/purple)
- Clear jelly (avoid dark colours e.g. red/purple)
- Black tea or coffee (no milk)
- Strained clear soup

	PicoPrep/Picosalax 1 st dose	PicoPrep/Picosalax 2 nd dose
Age 4-9	½ sachet	½ sachet
Age over 9-13	⅔ sachet	⅔ sachet
14 and above	Whole sachet	Whole sachet

Take the first dose of PicoPrep/Picosalax at 5pm, the day before the colonoscopy.

Dissolve the instructed amount in a glass (approx. 250ml) warm water. The mixture can subsequently be chilled before drinking if preferred. This should be followed by at least one glass of clear liquid an hour to avoid dehydration. **The more the fluids you can drink, the better.**

Take the second dose of PicoPrep/Picosalax at 7am the morning of your procedure.

Continue drinking clear liquids.

Continue drinking clear liquids at least one glass an hour until one hour before your admission time.

PicoPrep/Picosalax will cause multiple bowel movements within 3 hours after each dose. Occasionally this is accompanied by crampy pains. This may cause irritation of the skin around the anus. This can be limited by using baby wipes rather than toilet paper, applying nappy rash cream and sitting in a warm bath.

The day of the colonoscopy take nothing to eat. You can drink water until 1 hour before your arrival time at the hospital.



During the colonoscopy

You will be given an anaesthetic by a specialist anaesthetist. The colonoscope (flexible telescope) will be manipulated around the colon. The procedure takes between 25 and 45 minutes. If a polyp is found it will usually be removed at the time via the colonoscope.

All invasive procedures carry a risk. The specific risks of colonoscopy include:

- Perforation of the bowel. The risk of this is one in 1000 cases, and surgery may be required to repair the perforation.
- Bleeding. This is more common if a polyp has been removed and occurs in one in 500 cases. Rarely blood transfusion is required.
- Cardiac or respiratory. There is a very small risk of heart or breathing problems associated with the anaesthetic and procedure.
- A number or very rare side effects can occur with any procedure. Death is an
 extremely remote possibility. If you wish to have full details of rare complications,
 ask before the procedure.

After the colonoscopy

Occasionally there is crampy pain and bloating. This is relieved by passing the gas that was instilled at the time of the procedure. You will need to stay in the recovery area until the staff assess you as being safe to go home. This is usually about an hour, and you will be given something to eat and drink. The doctor will discuss the findings with you or organise for you to have a review appointment. Contact the rooms or hospital if you develop severe abdominal pain, persistent bleeding, fever or other symptoms that cause you concern.

ANY QUESTIONS?

Please do not hesitate to ask any questions. Your doctor is always happy to talk to you a few days before the procedure if you are at all concerned. All you need to do is contact the office and leave a message to request a call back.